

Standalone Hybrid Wind & Solar Generation

May1727

Team

Members:

Matt Lee

Nathaniel Byrne

Michael Trischan

Brian Gronseth

Eric Cole

Jeffrey Szostak

Faculty:

Dr. Ajjarapu

PhD Graduate Students:

Ankit Singhal (PhD Candidate)

Pranav Sharma (PhD Candidate)



Project Plan- Project Statement

- Formal Project Statement:

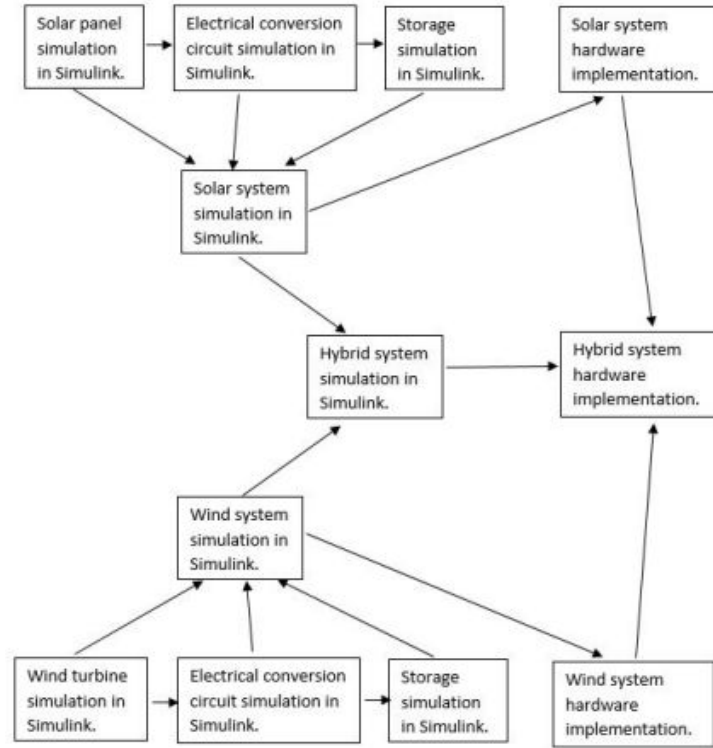
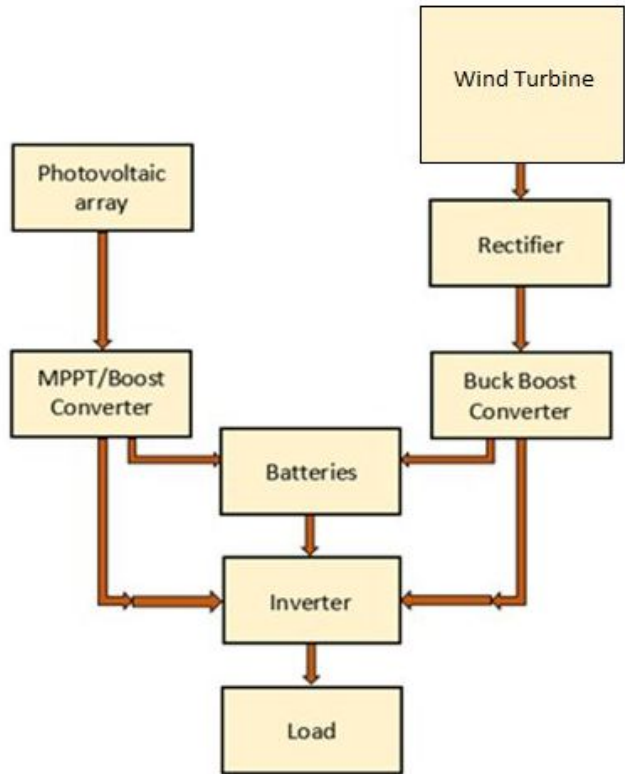
“To Create a combined Solar and Wind Electrical generation system that hybridizes the most supporting hardware as possible.”

- Deliverables

- Design a hybrid wind and solar system
- Add components to existing PV array
 - Wind Turbine, Inverter, Solar Panels
- Create labs for EE 452 centered around the hybrid system so future ISU students can use the hybrid system as a learning tool.



Project Plan- Conceptual Sketch



Project Plan- Requirements

- Functional Requirements

- Working Simulink diagrams for both the wind turbine and PV array.
- Solar panels will utilize maximum power point tracking control, as well as a boost converter.
- The wind turbine will produce AC power that is rectified and then sent to a Buck/Boost converter.
- Both systems meet to charge the battery and from the battery go through the inverter to power the load.

- Nonfunctional Requirements

- Analysis of solar and wind generation system components
- Analysis of solar and wind emplacement for max power generation
 - Measure of wind speed and irradiance
- Create labs for EE 452 centered around the hybrid system so future ISU students can use it as a learning tool.



Project Plan- Constraints/Risks/Considerations

- Lack of experience
 - Power Systems
 - Simulink
- Non-engineering aspects
 - Wind turbine placement regulation
 - Budget
- Risks
 - Lab safety
 - Wind Turbine setup



Project Plan- Market and Costs

- Market Survey

- The customers for this project are future EE 452 students, as well as the EE power department.
- An important component of this project is the relationship with WESO, who is willing to allow academic use of their wind turbine for certain periods of the semester.
 - Saves money
 - Non-black box model

- Resource/Cost Estimate

- Solar Panels

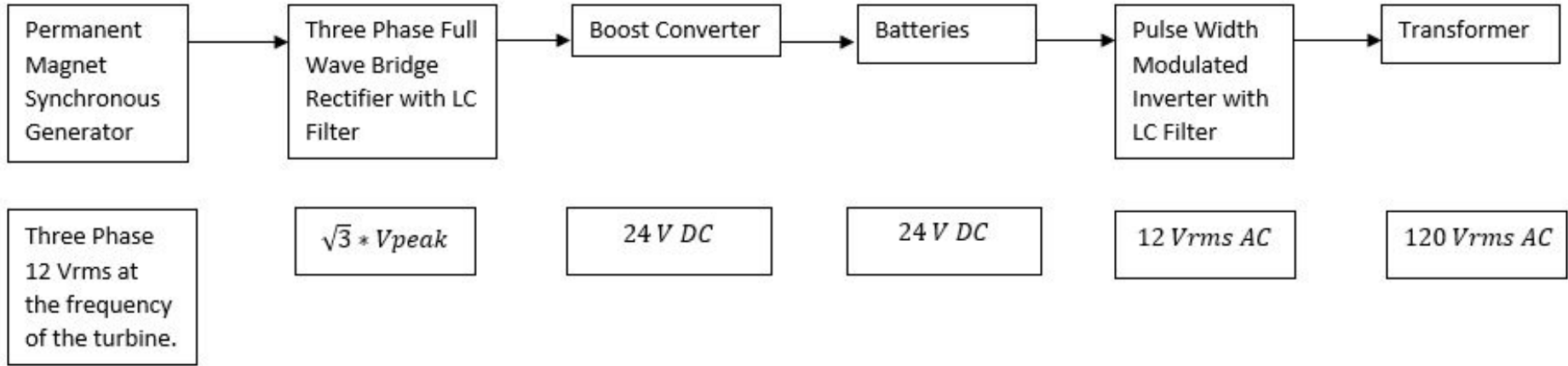
1000W/m ² & 25C	Pmp[W]	Vmp[V]	Imp[A]	Voc[V]	Isc[A]	Cells/Module	Dimensions[mm]	Weight[kg]	Price
KD135GX-LPU	135	17.7	7.63	22.1	8.37	36(4x8)	1500/668	12.9	Current Model
KD140GX-LFBS	140	17.7	7.91	22.1	8.68	36(4x8)	1500/668	12.9	\$240
KU320-72PA	320	36.8	8.7	45.5	9.22	72(6x12)	1956/992	27.5	\$260 (min purchase of 4)

Project Plan- Milestones and Schedule

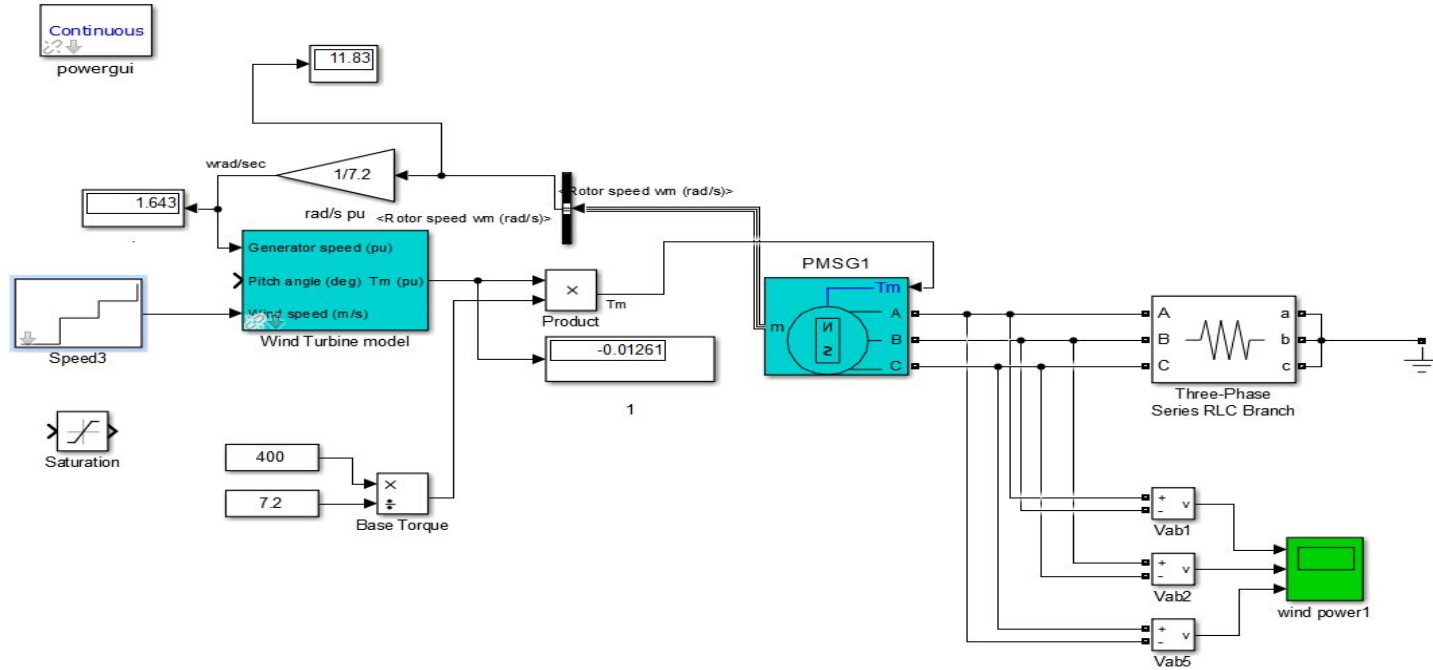
- Researched wind and solar systems
 - Boost converters, MPPT, inverters, turbine prices
- Obtained wind turbine from WESO
 - Planned with Coover administration about turbine placement
- Wind and solar teams design respective systems in Simulink
 - Parameters are modeled after the existing PV hardware and potential wind hardware.
 - Simulink models functioning individually.

	August	September	October	November	December
Whole Team		Pick teammates Assign Project		Combine Simulink models	
Wind Team		Research Wind Energy Create Simulink model Research Wind Turbines		Install Hardware	
Solar Team		Research Solar Energy Create Simulink model			

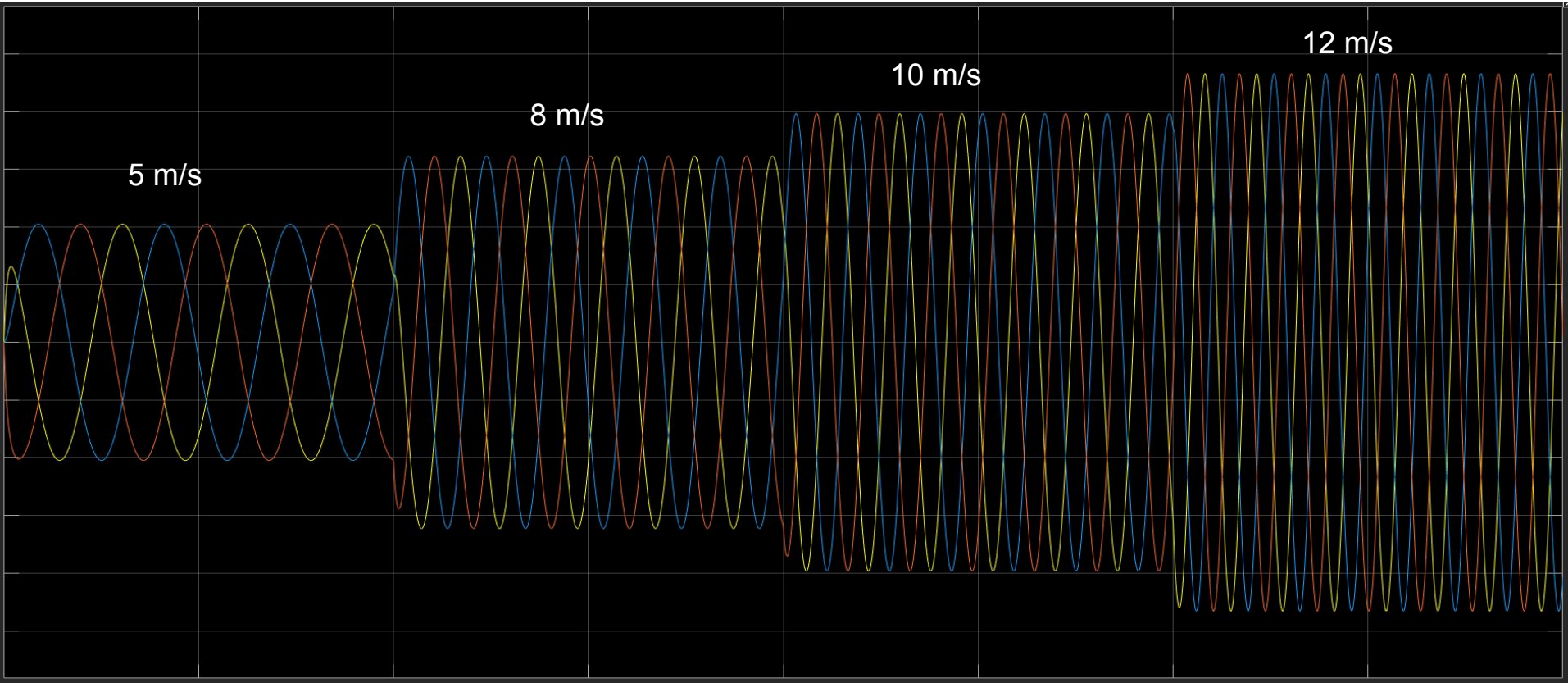
Wind System Flowchart



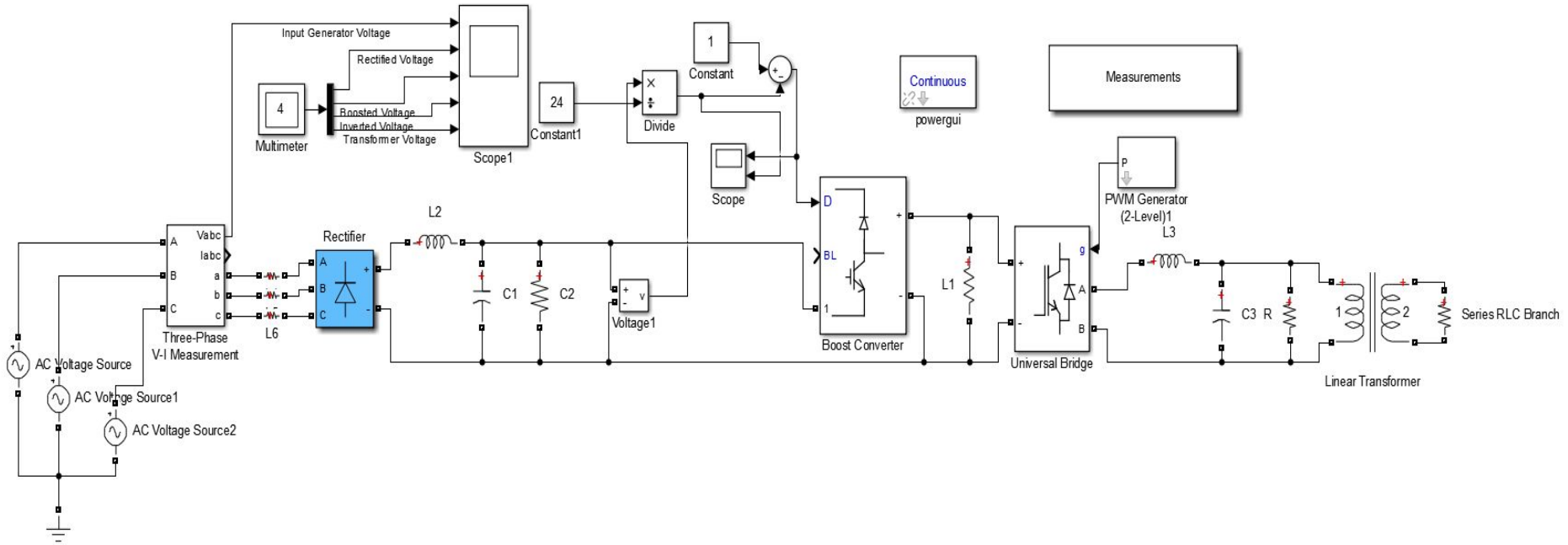
Wind Generator



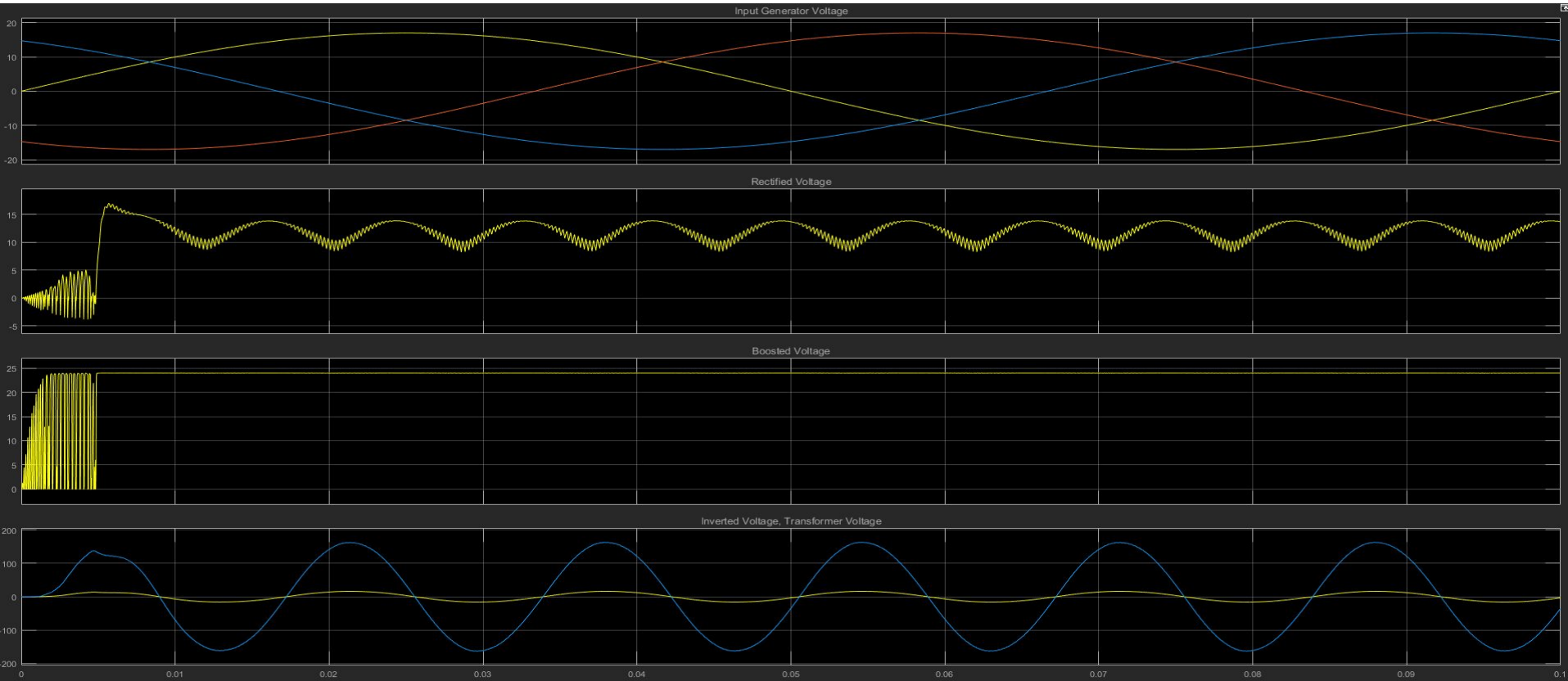
Generator Output



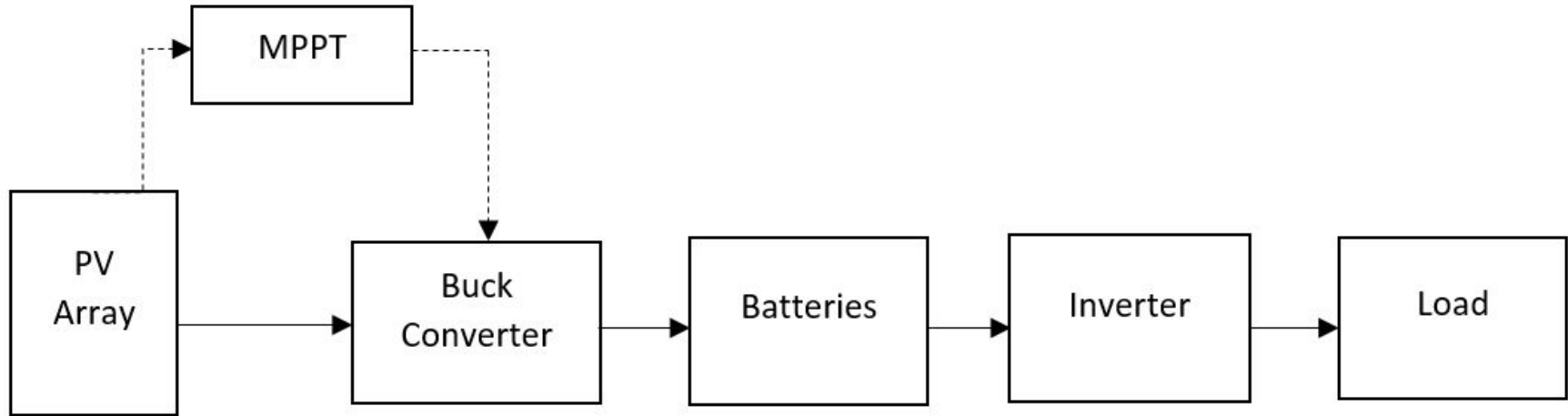
AC-DC-AC



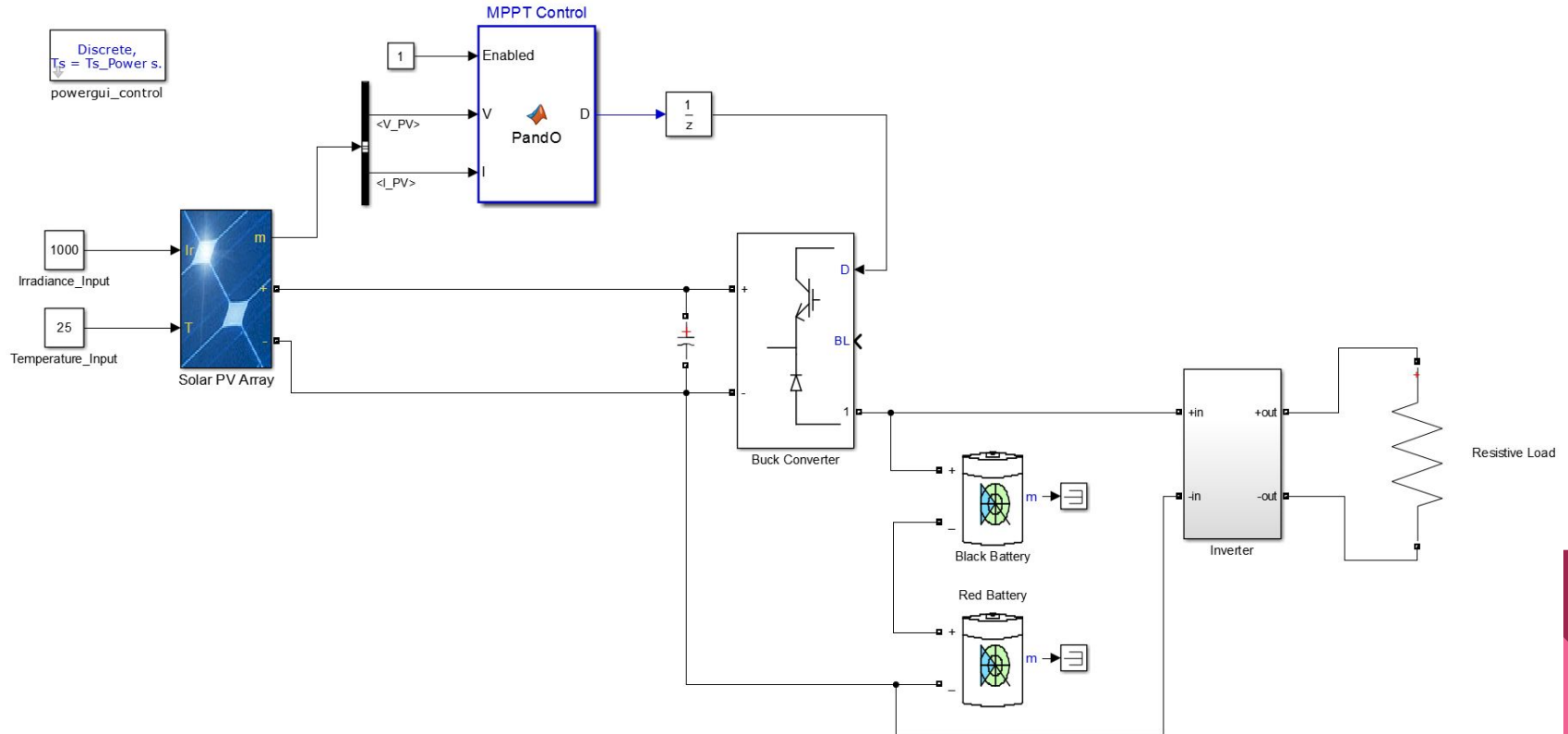
AC-DC-AC Output



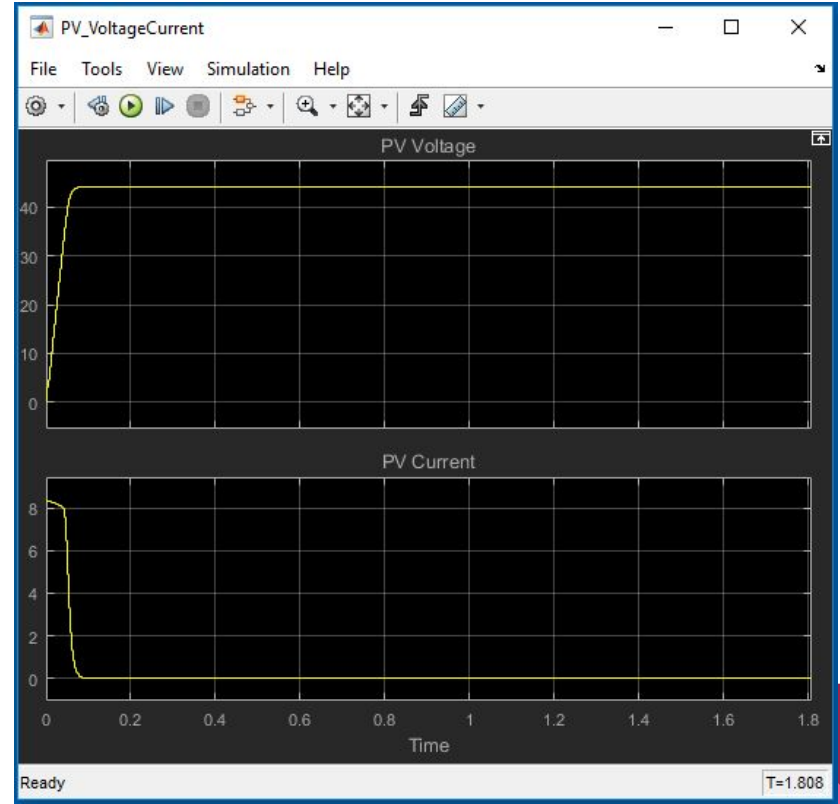
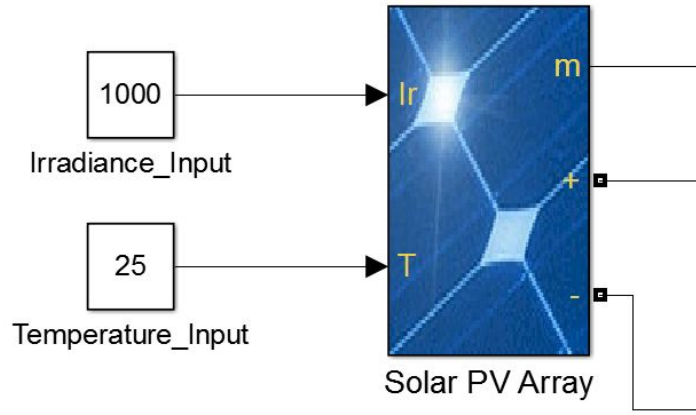
Solar System Flowchart



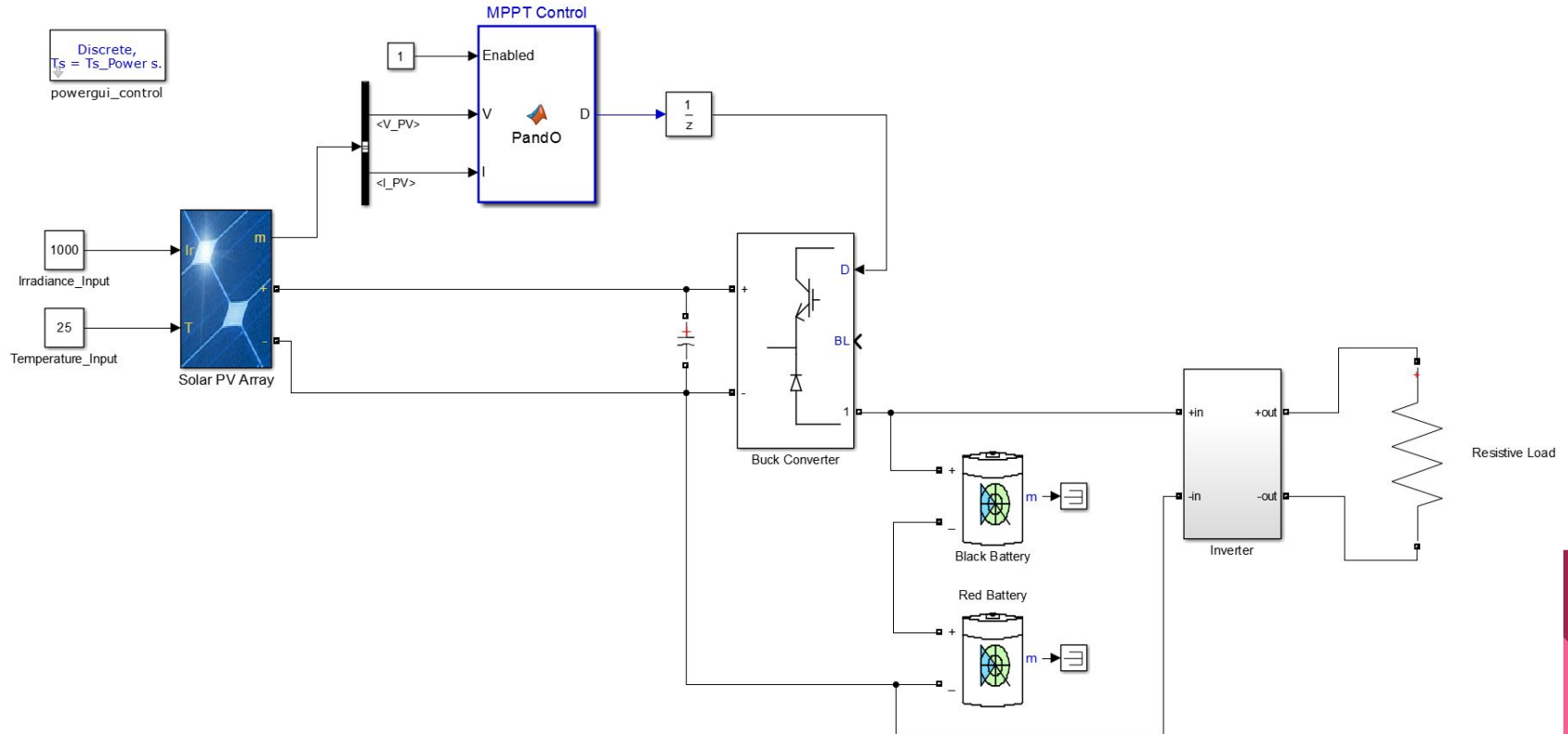
Solar System



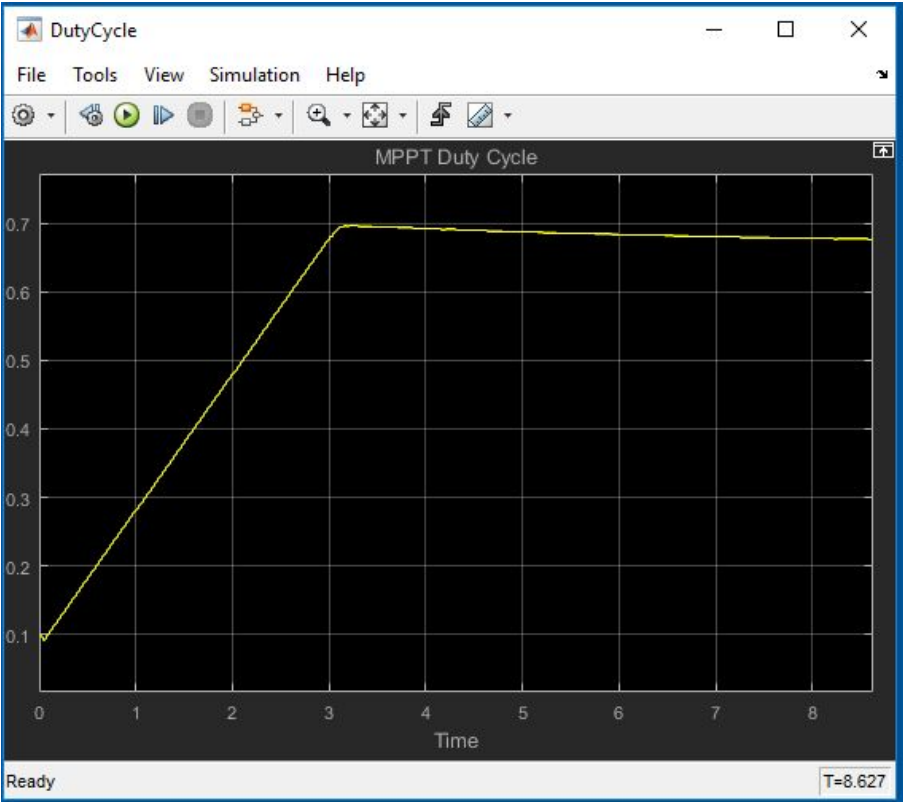
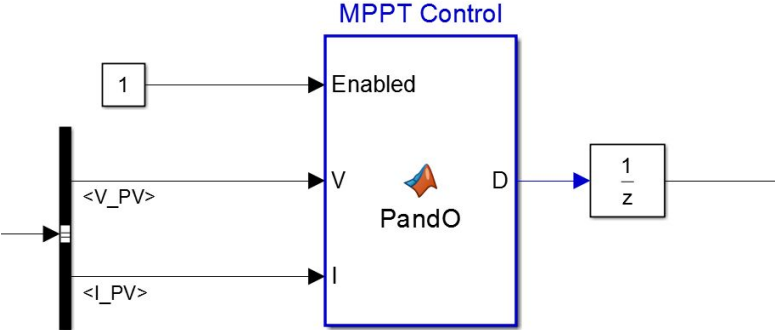
Solar PV



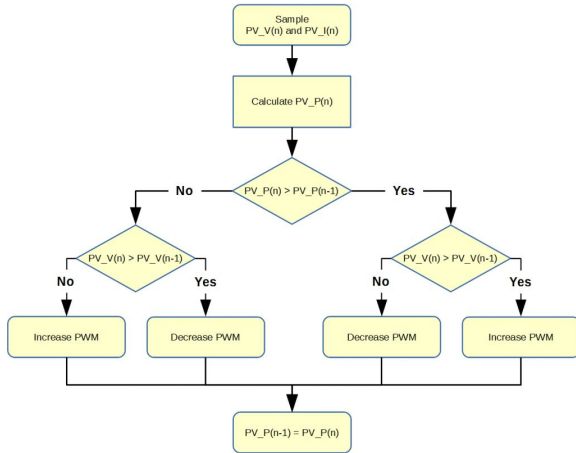
Solar System



MPPT



P&O Algorithm



```
% Param input:
Dinit = Param(1); %Initial value for D output
Dmax = Param(2); %Maximum value for D
Dmin = Param(3); %Minimum value for D
deltaD = Param(4); %Increment value used to increase/decrease the duty cycle D
% ( increasing D = decreasing Vref )
%

persistent Vold Pold Dold;

dataType = 'double';

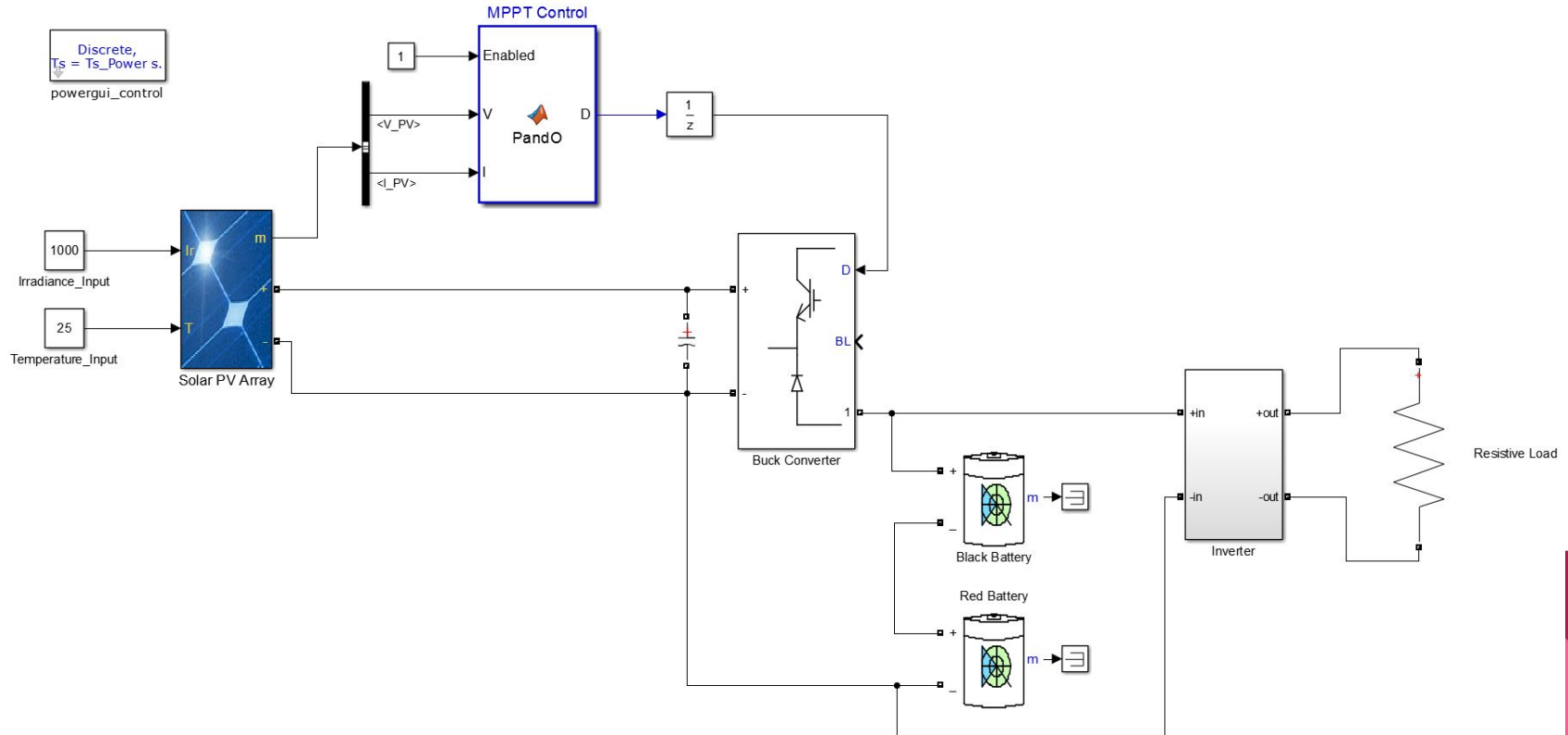
if isempty(Vold)
    Vold=0;
    Pold=0;
    Dold=Dinit;
end
P= V*I;
dV= V - Vold;
dP= P - Pold;

if dP ~= 0 % Enabled ~=0
    if dP < 0
        if dV < 0
            D = Dold - deltaD;
        else
            D = Dold + deltaD;
        end
    else
        if dV < 0
            D = Dold + deltaD;
        else
            D = Dold - deltaD;
        end
    end
else D=Dold;
end

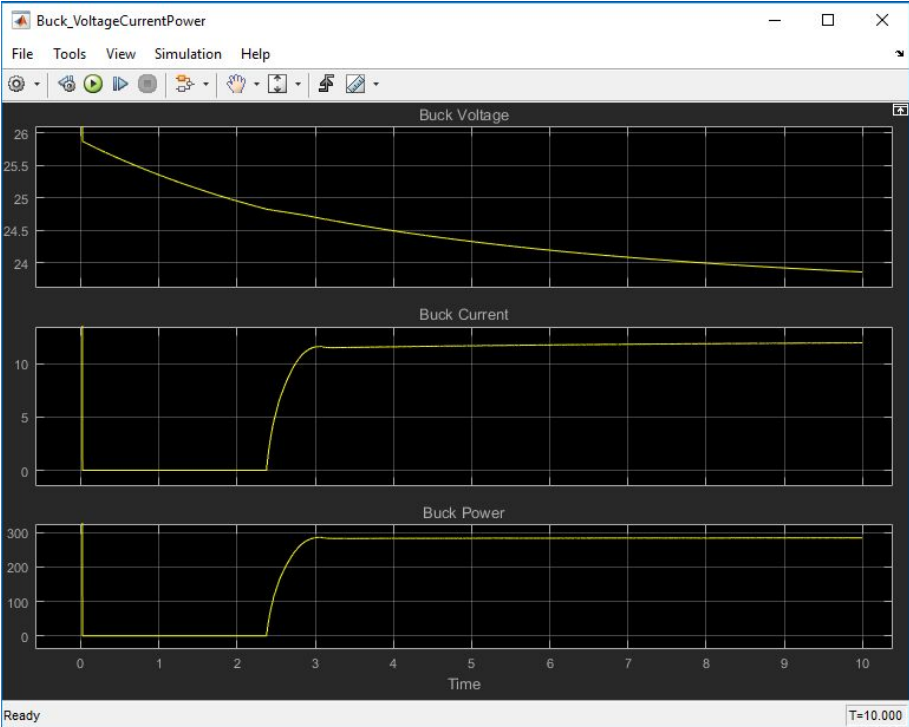
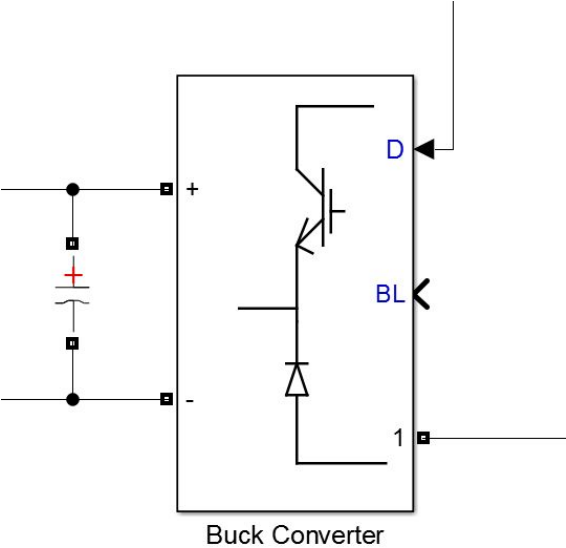
if D >= Dmax || D<= Dmin
    D=Dold;
end

Dold=D;
Vold=V;
Pold=P;
```

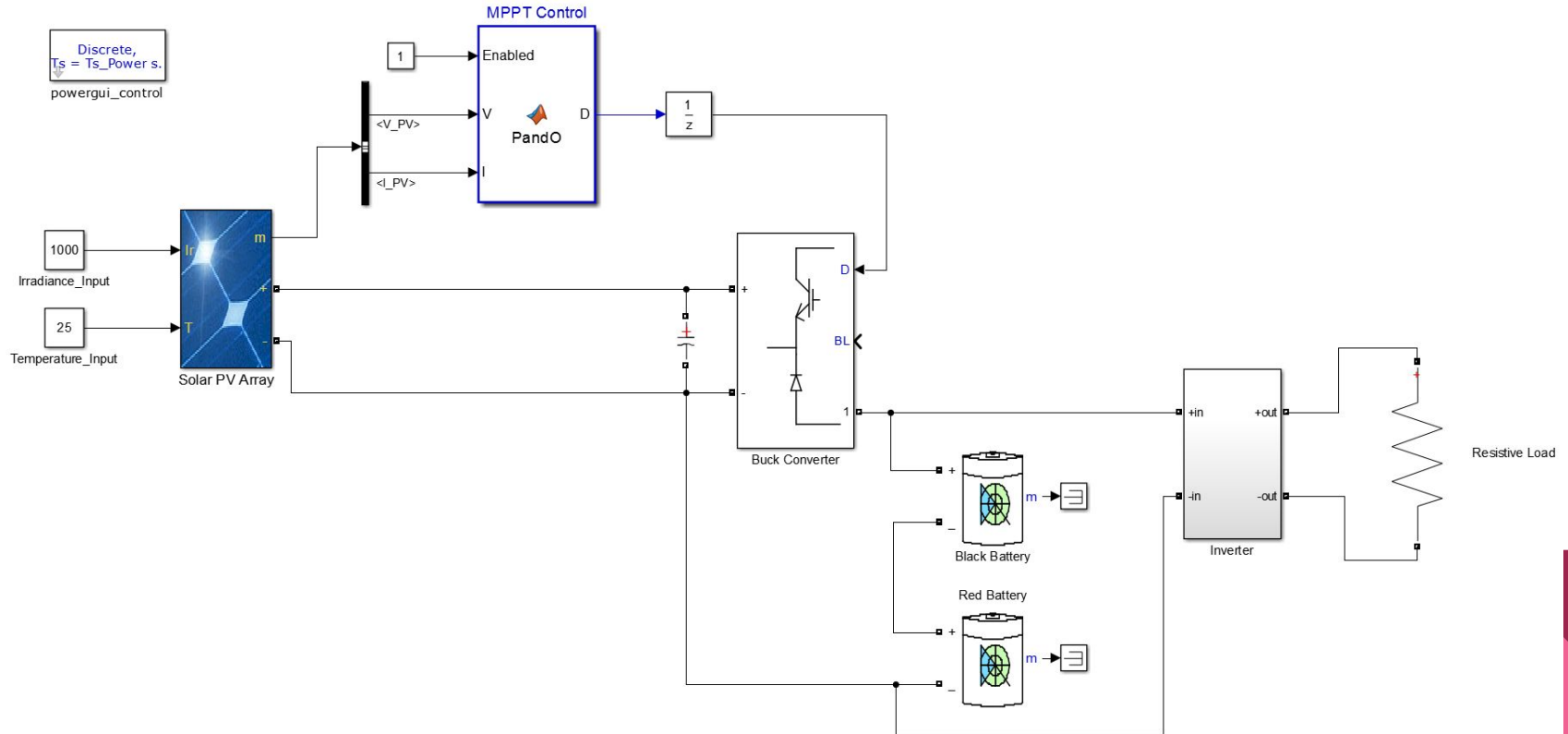
Solar System



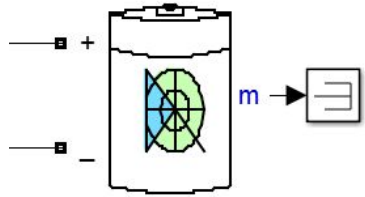
Buck



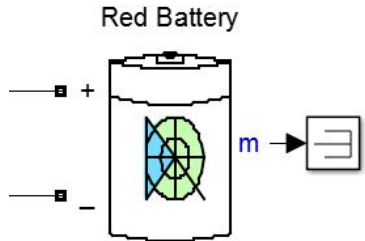
Solar System



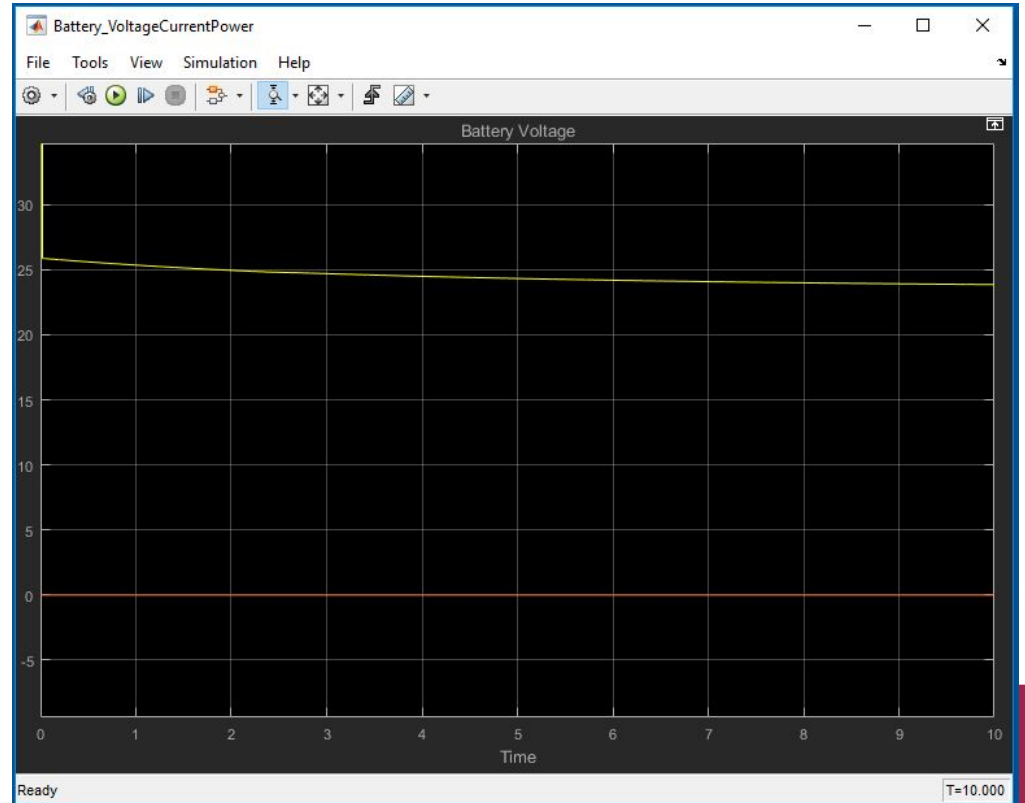
Battery



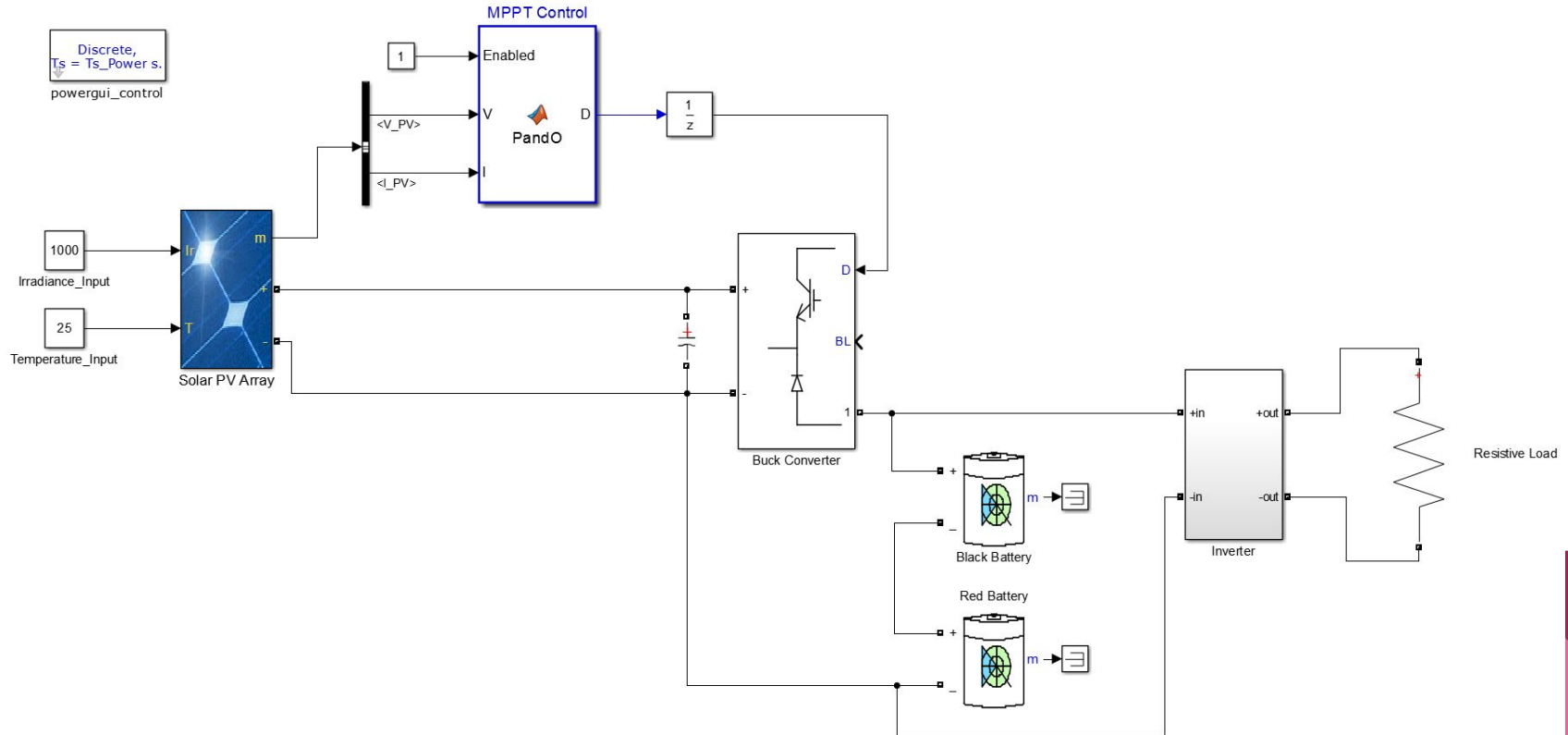
Black Battery



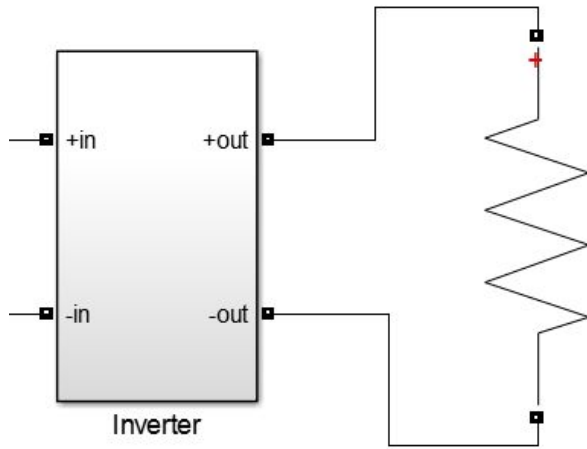
Red Battery



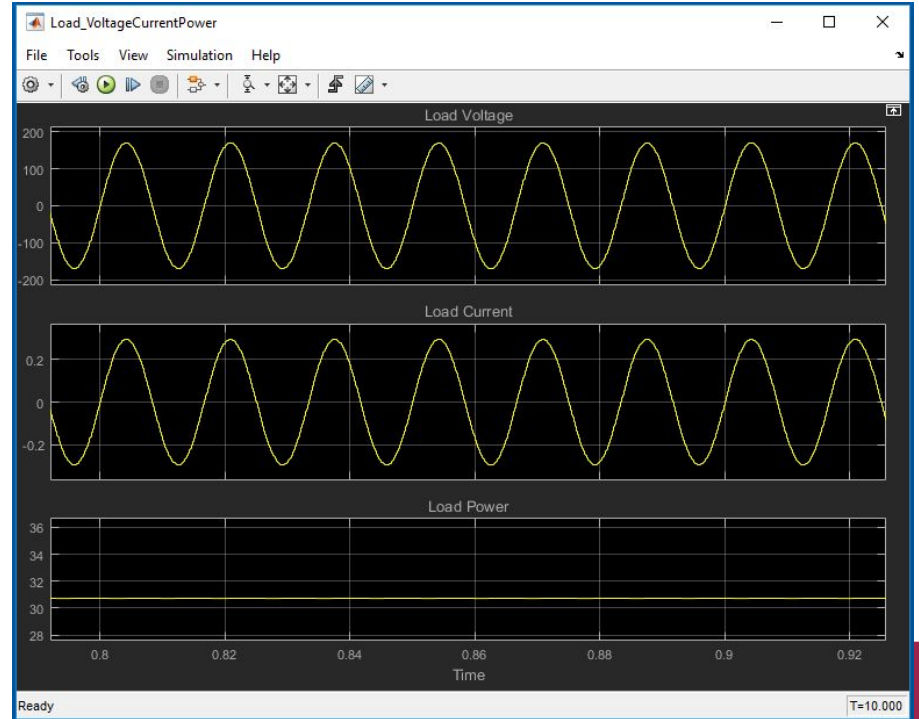
Solar System



Inverter/Load



Resistive Load



Hardware Technology Platform



Solar Panels



MPPT



Inverter



Batteries



Load



Instruments



User Adjustable Load



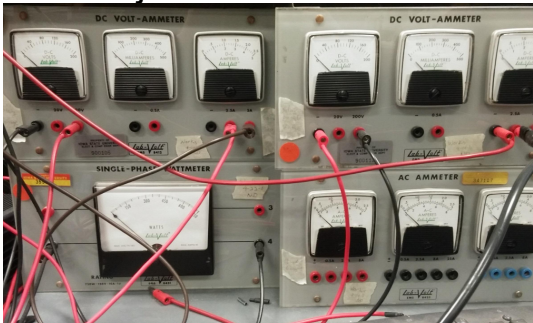
Safety Switch



Data Recorder



Monitor



Voltage, Current, and Power Meters

Functional Prototype planned to be implemented next semester.

Conclusion- Status

Current Project Status

Software:

- Section-by-section functionality Simulink models for the Wind and Solar systems.

Hardware

- Obtained permission from WESO to use their Wind Turbine.
- The turbine is fully functioning and generates either 3-phase AC voltage or DC voltage. It's equipped with several sensors which can be used in lab.



Conclusion- Contributions

Individual Contributions:

Eric Cole - Webmaster - Developed Team Website and Wind Simulink Model

Jeffrey Szostak - Wind Tech Lead - Procured WESO Wind Turbine Usage

Michael Trischan - Key Concept Holder - Researched Potential Wind Turbines

Nathaniel Byrne - Group Leader - Solar Fundamentals and Solar Panel Research

Matt Lee - Communications Leader - Communications, Weekly Reports, Solar Simulink Model

Brian Gronseth - Solar Tech Lead - Solar System design, hardware setup



Conclusion- Plan

Next Semester Plan:

- Combine solar and wind simulink diagrams with batteries
- Combine hardware systems
 - Purchase additional Solar Panels
 - Make necessary edits to WESO wind turbine
- Create lab documents for EE 452



Conclusion- Questions

Questions?

Contact info:

Email: may1727@iastate.edu

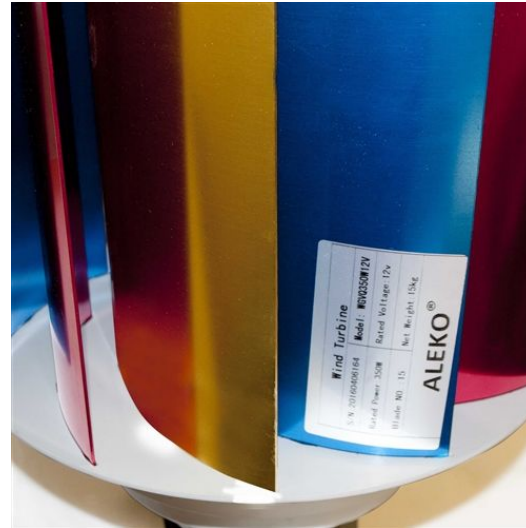
Website: <http://may1727.sd.ece.iastate.edu>



Appendix



ALEKO 350 W VAWT



Rated Power	350 W
Start up speed	1.5 m/s
Rated speed	11 m/s
Max speed	45 m/s
Diameter	1.12 m
Cost	\$495.00
Shipping	Free; 1-3 weeks

<http://www.alekoproducts.com/ALEKO-350W-24V-Vertical-Wind-Power-Generator-p/wgvq350w24v-ap.htm>

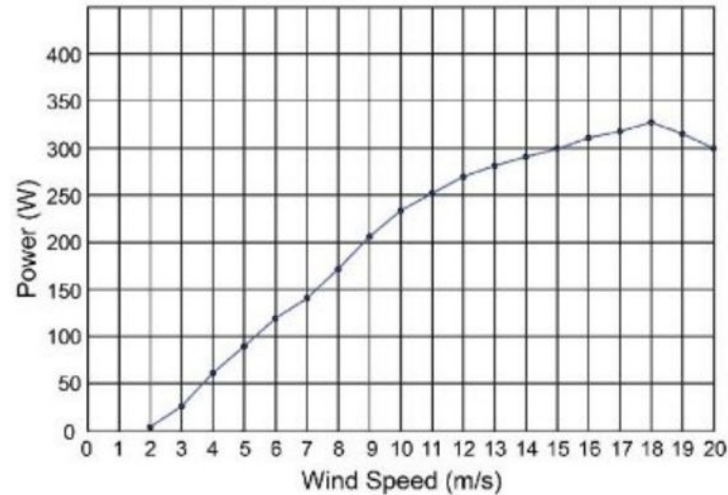
Shineman 600 W VAWT



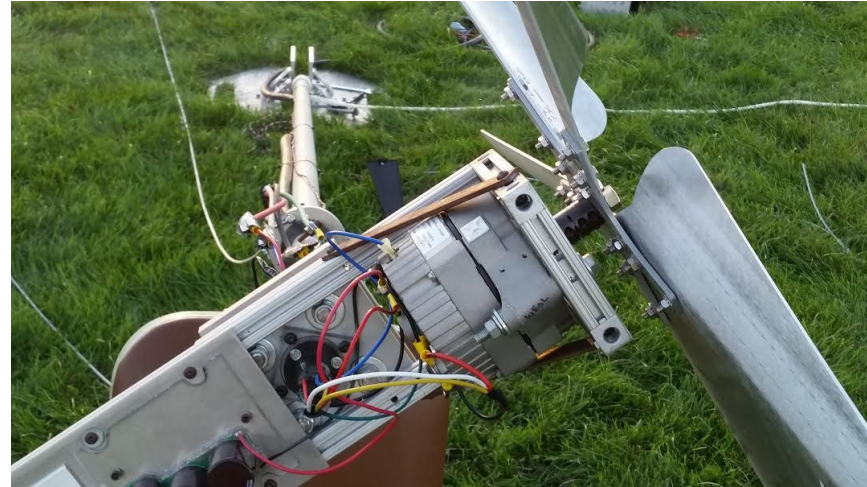
Max Power	650 W
Rated Power	600 W
Start up speed	3 m/s
Max speed	40 m/s
Diameter	1.2 m
Height of tower	6 m
Cost	\$480.00
Shipping	Free; 5-7 weeks

http://www.ebay.com/itm/1m-length-600W-Wind-turbine-Vertical-axis-blade-high-quality-for-sale-5pcs-lot/262679596613?_trksid=p2047675.c100005.m1851&_trkparms=aid%3D222007%26algo%3DSIC.MBE%26ao%3D1%26asc%3D39497%26meid%3De8946d39f4aa4d07808671ea391cf64c%26pid%3D100005%26rk%3D2%26rkt%3D6%26sd%3D252581684544

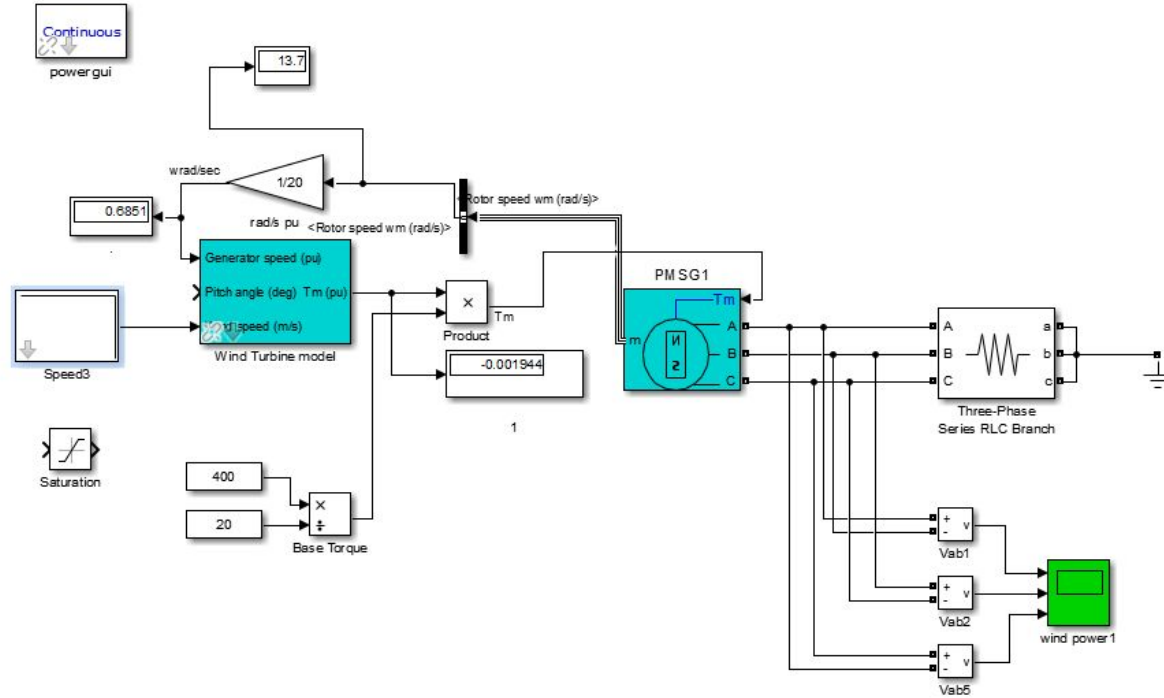
Typical power curve for turbines we researched



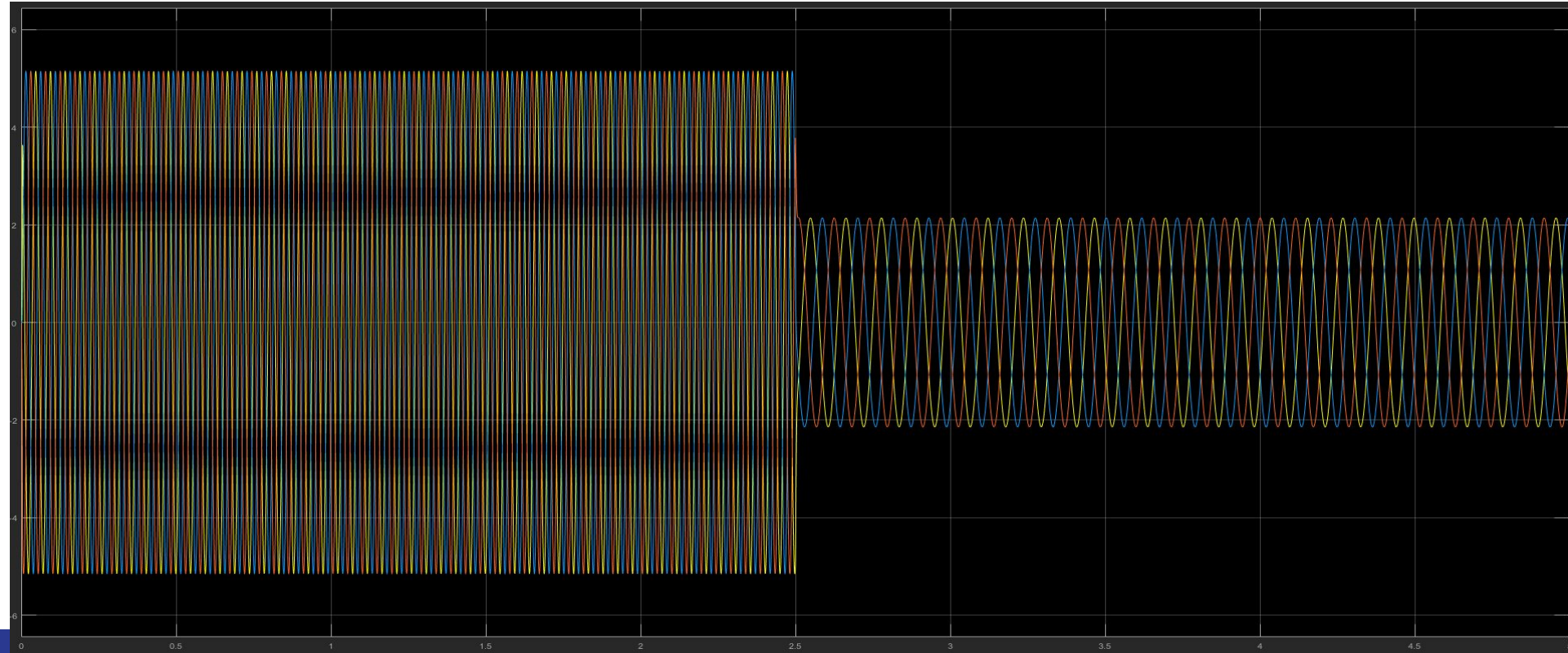
Wind Turbine



Wind Turbine and Generator



Generator Output



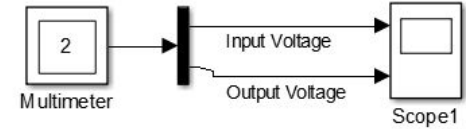
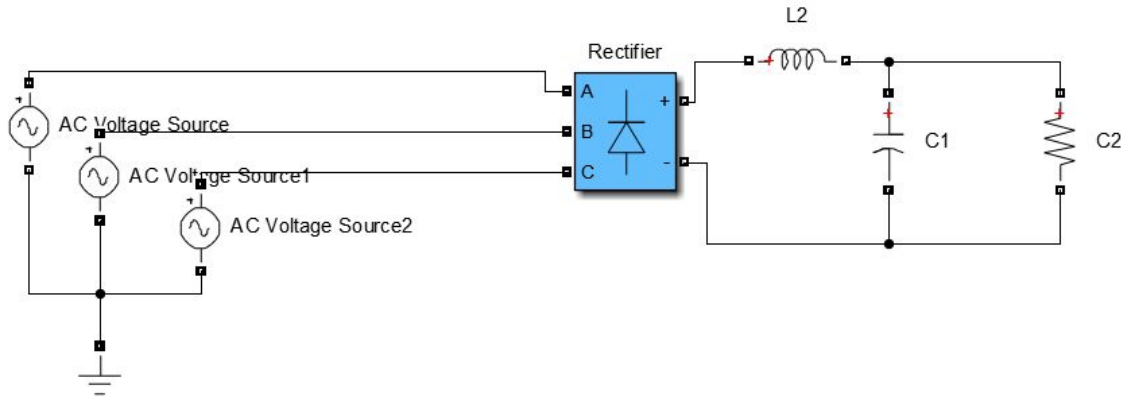
Three phase Rectifier

$$\text{Sqrt}(3) * V_{\text{peak}}$$

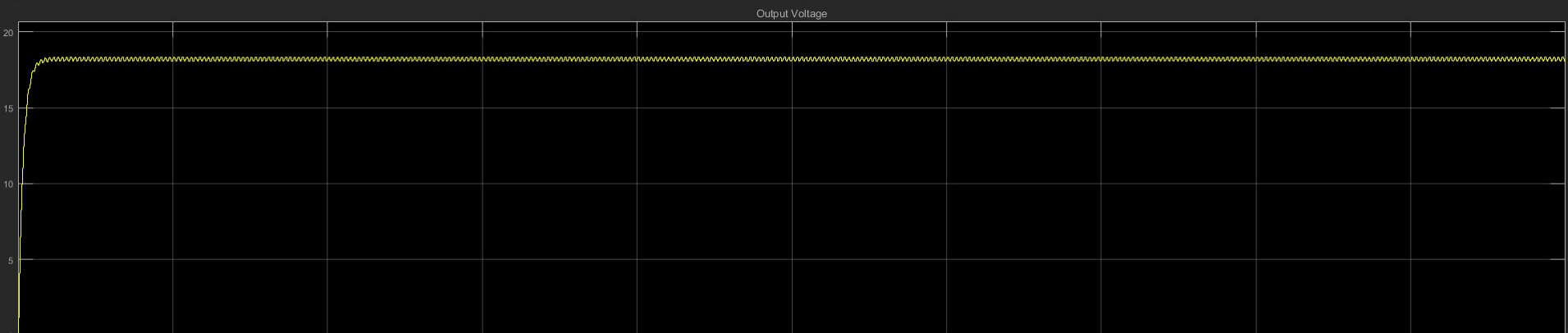
Discrete,
 $T_s = 5e-05$ s.

powergui

Measurements

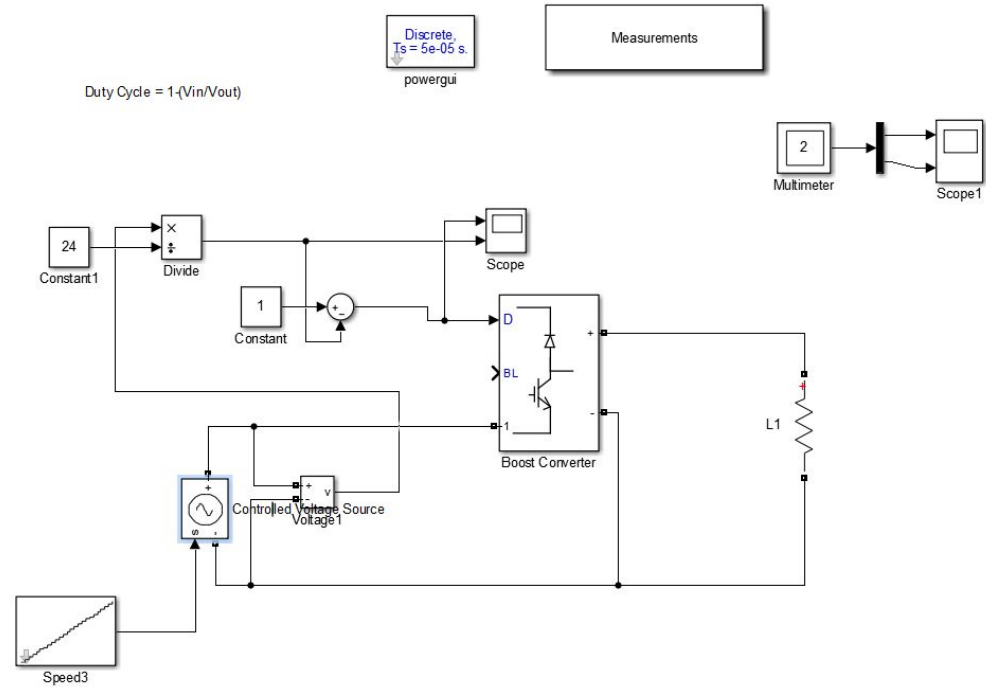


Rectifier Output

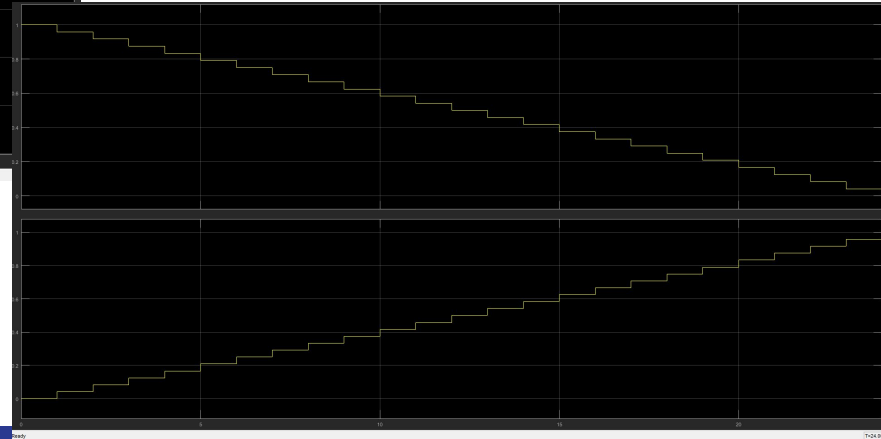
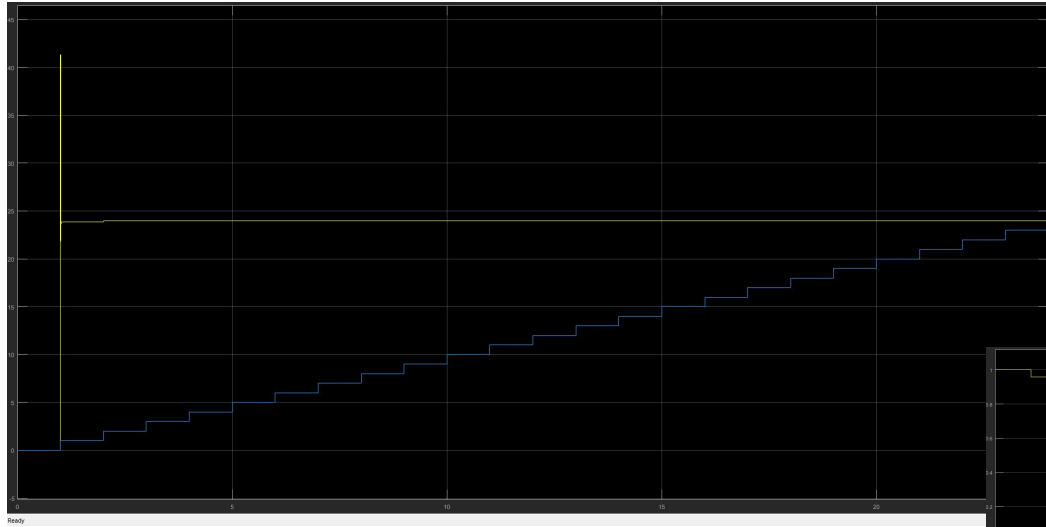


Boost Converter

$$\text{Duty Cycle} = 1 - (V_{in}/V_{out})$$



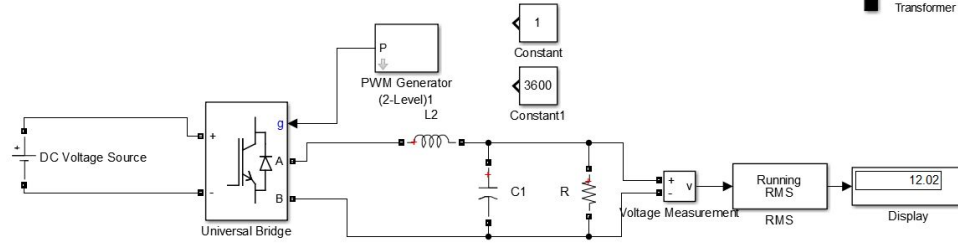
Boost Converter Output



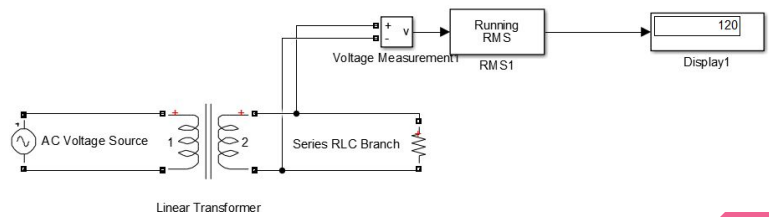
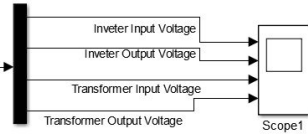
Inverter

Discrete
 $T_s = 5e-05$ s
powergui

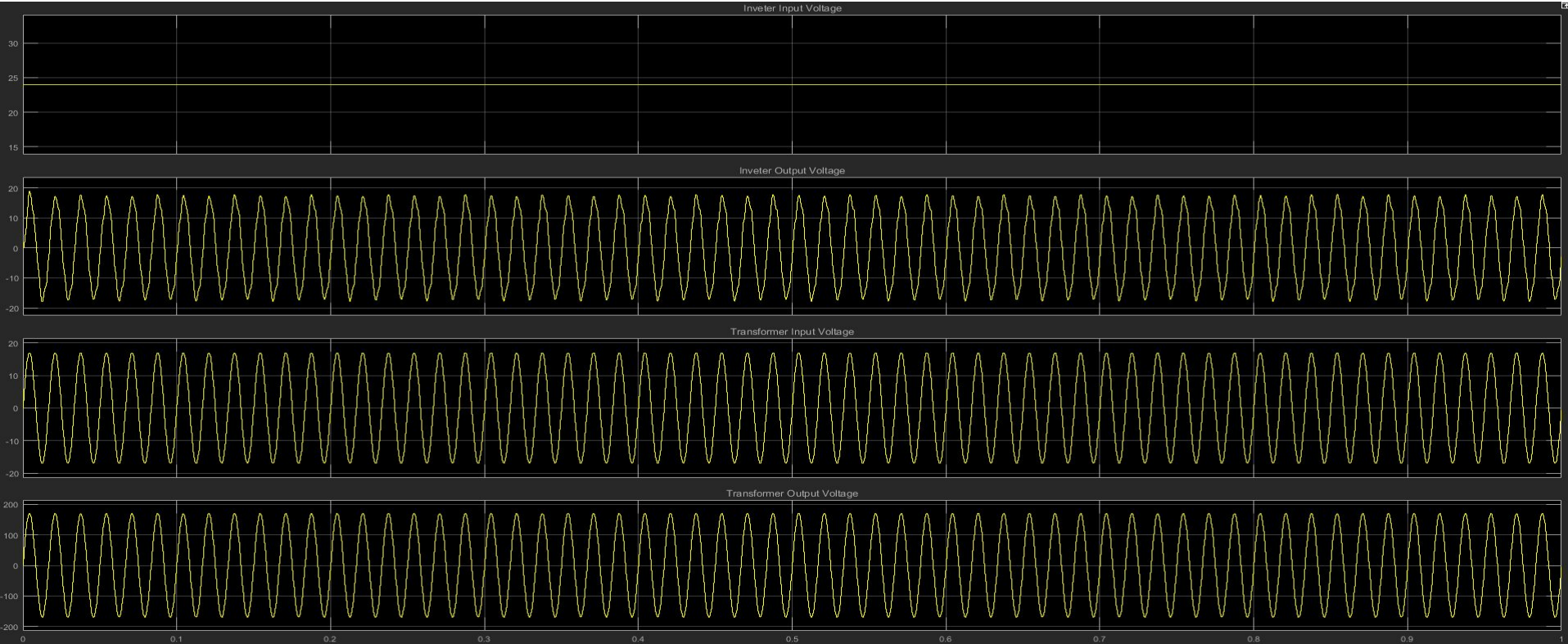
Measurements



4
Multimeter



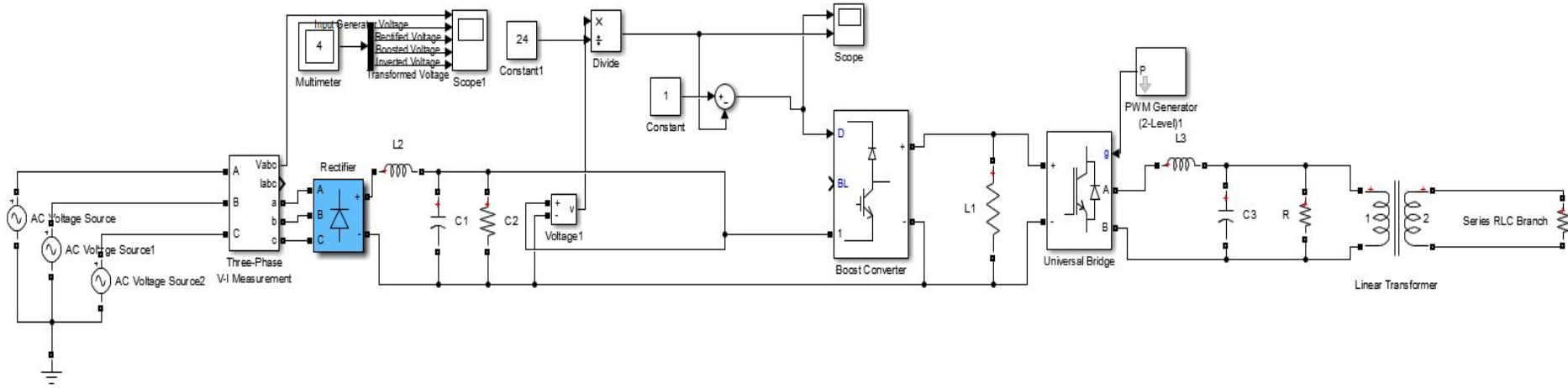
Inverter and Transformer Output



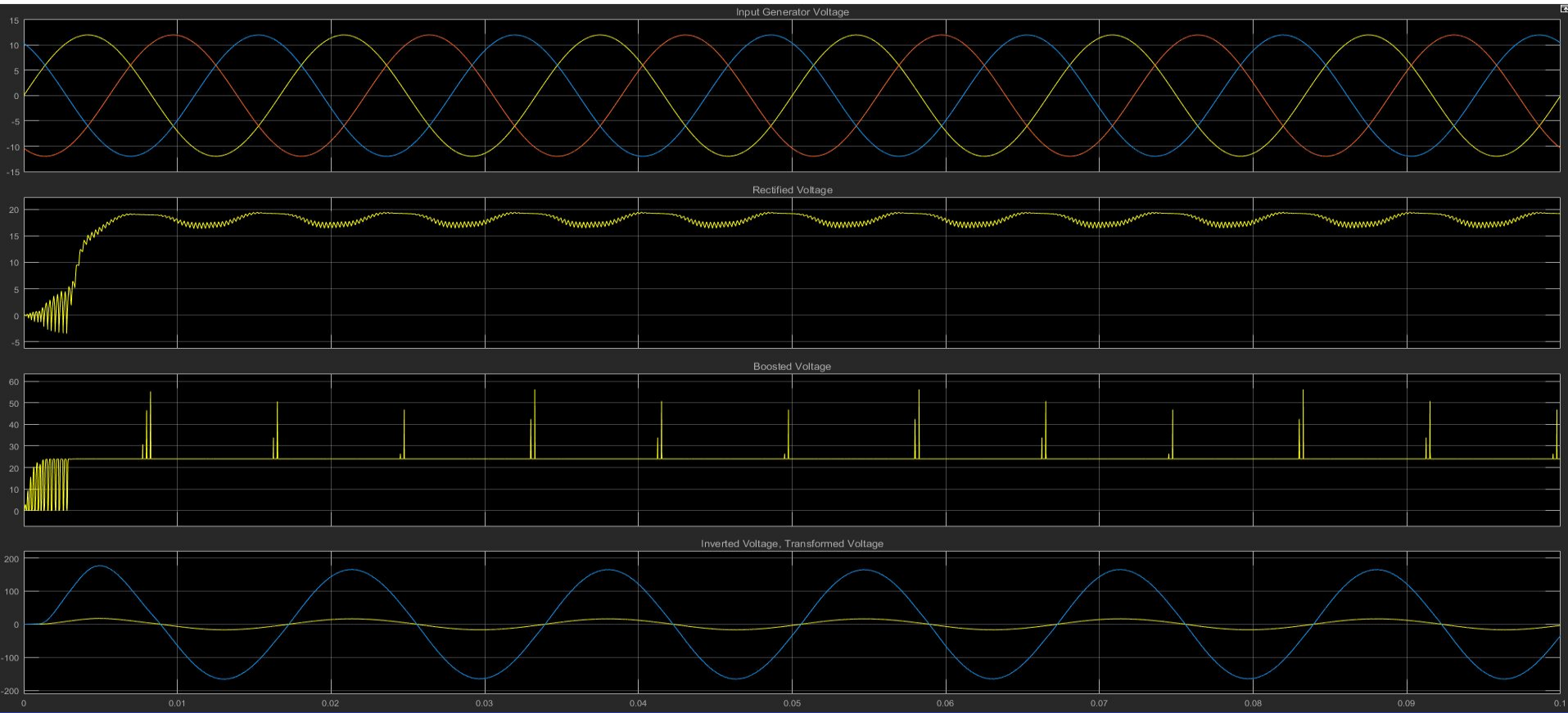
AC-DC-AC

Continuous
powergui

Measurements



AC-DC-AC Output



Forecasted Prototype

Functional Prototype planned to be implemented next semester.

Along with aforementioned Design, Prototype will have:

- Meters for measuring current and voltage values, similar to simulations.
- Monitor and Controller for analysing data during operation.
- User Interface limited to adjusting load via light bulb switches, as seen on previous slide.

